COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Prepared by: Anderson County Auditor's Office

Karin Smith, County Auditor

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Page <u>Number</u>

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	i – iv
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	V
Organizational Chart	vi
Principal Officials	vii

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-9
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	17
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	20-39
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress for Employee Retirement System	40
Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Plan	41
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	42 – 44
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	45
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	46 - 47
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	48 - 49

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Farm to Market and Lateral Road Law Library Court Reporter Debt Service Fund		50 51 52 53
Fiduciary Funds:		
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities (All Agency Funds)		54 – 55
	<u>Table</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)		
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) Financial Trends: Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Governmental Fund Balances Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	1 2 3 4	56 - 57 58 - 61 62 - 63 64 - 67

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	<u>Table</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)		
Debt Capacity:		
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	9	73
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	10	74
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	11	75
Legal Debt Margin Information	12	76 – 77
Demographic and Economic Information:		
Demographic and Economic Statistics	13	78
Principal Employers	14	79
Operating Information:		
Fulltime Employees by Function	15	80
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	16	81 - 84
Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics	17	85

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	86 - 87

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Karin Smith County Auditor



ANDERSON COUNTY AUDITOR 703 N. Mallard St. Suite 110 Palestine, TX 75801 Phone: (903) 723-7401 Fax: (903) 723-7808

June 23, 2014

The Honorable Board of District Judges, The Anderson County Commissioners' Court and Citizens of Anderson County

In compliance with *Texas Local Government Code*, *§114.025*, the financial statements of Anderson County, Texas are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to the requirement, we hereby submit the comprehensive annual financial report of Anderson County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Anderson County. Therefore, management of the County assumes the responsibility for accuracy, completeness, fairness and reliability of the financial data presented in this report, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Anderson County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County Auditor, who is appointed by the District Judges, and the County Treasurer. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Anderson County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Anderson County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Anderson County's financial statements are

fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the county's organizational chart and a list of officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Anderson County's MD&A can be found in the financial section following the report of the independent auditors. The financial section of this report also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF ANDERSON COUNTY

Anderson County is located in East Texas between the Trinity and the Neches rivers. Palestine, the county's largest town and its county seat, is 108 miles southeast of Dallas and 153 miles north of Houston. U.S. highways 287, 79, and 84 provide the major transportation routes through the county. Anderson County is the 52nd largest of the 254 counties in Texas; with a 2010 census population of 58,458. Significant cities in Anderson County include Palestine, the county seat, Elkhart, and Frankston. Anderson County falls within the 11th Texas congressional districts and the 3rd Texas senatorial district. The county consists of 1,077 square miles with a 2000 population density 51.2 residents per square mile.

Anderson County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners

Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of Anderson County is enhanced when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Anderson County operates.

Local Economy - Anderson County maintains a relatively stable local economy. The County has a somewhat limited tax base and economic employment base with the top ten taxpayers in the County accounting for approximately 16% of the County's tax base.

Primary employers in the County include the Texas Department of Corrections facility (3,100 employees), a Wal-Mart Stores Inc. distributing center (530), and Palestine Regional Medical Center (560). For December 2012, the county's unemployment rate of 7.7% was above the state's rate of 6.2% but below the national average of 7.8%.

The County's tax base has experienced stable growth in recent years, with taxable assessed value (AV) increasing at an average annual rate of about 2.8% in the past three fiscal years. The Commissioners' Court is continuing to take a conservative approach to the allocation of resources in order to ensure that the County is prepared for economic fluctuations.

Relevant Financial Policies – The County adopts a one-year budget as part of its financial planning process. The budgets along with the financial policies of the County serve as the basis for the overall fiscal management of the county's resources. The budget implements strategies, both financial and operational, identified through the strategic and long-range planning process to meet existing challenges and to effectively plan for future needs. Goals and objectives are incorporated into policy statements which are continually reevaluated to provide the necessary structure for achieving these goals.

Long-term Financial Planning – Long term financial planning goals include the following:

- Operate the County government in the most fiscally responsible manner possible.
- Control expenditures by implementing cost savings measures at any opportunity.
- Promote a favorable environment for retaining and expanding existing businesses while attracting a wide variety of new businesses to provide economic growth and development which will provide sufficient resources to fund County operations while mitigating the overall tax burden on County taxpayers.
- Implement technological solutions to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of operations, reporting and delivering services to citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance officers Association (GFOA) awarded the certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Anderson County for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report dated December 31, 2012. This was the first year Anderson County received this award.

Anderson County was awarded the 2012 Leadership Circle Gold Award by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The Leadership Circle recognizes local governments across Texas that are striving to

meet a high standard for financial transparency online by opening their books to the public; providing a clear, consistent picture of spending; and sharing information in a user-friendly format. The Gold designation highlights those entities that are setting the bar in their transparency efforts.

The successful completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office and the professional services provided by our independent auditors, Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. I wish to express my gratitude to the District Judges, the Commissioners Court, and the other County officials and departments for their support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Karin Smith Anderson County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Anderson County Texas

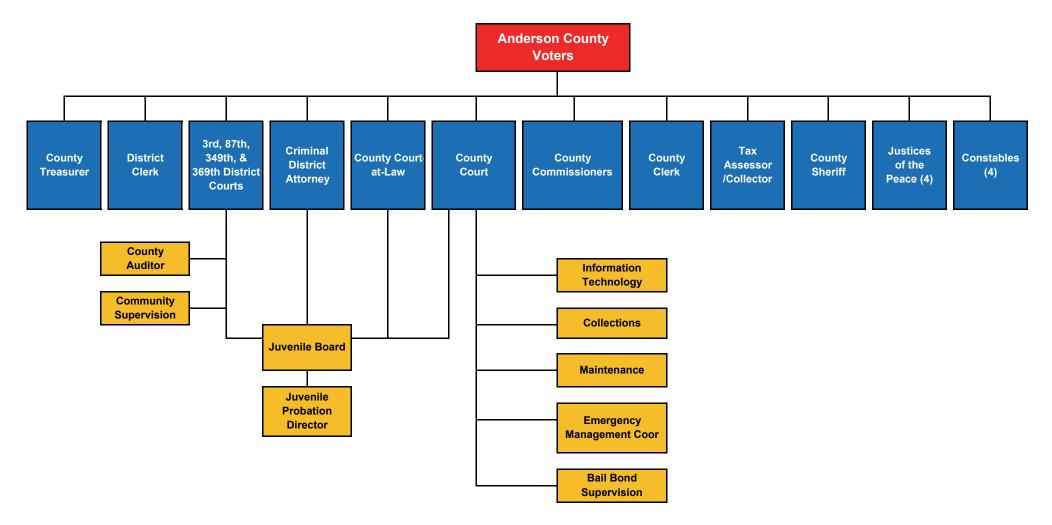
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

your R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Commissioners Court

Robert D. Johnston	County Judge
Greg Chapin	Commissioner, Precinct 1
Rashad Q. Mims, I	Commissioner, Precinct 2
Kenneth Dickson	Commissioner, Precinct 3
Joseph A. Hill	Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judicial

Mark Calhoon Deborah Oakes Evans	Judge, 3 rd District Court Judge, 87 th District Court
Pam Foster Fletcher	Judge, 349 th District Court
Bascom W. Bentley, III	Judge, 369 th District Court
Brendan J. Doran	Judge, County Court of Law

Law Enforcement

Greg Taylor Doug Lowe Emily Lane*

Financial Administration

Karin Smith* Kimberly Turman Teri Garvey

Recording Officials

Janice G. Staples Wanda N. Burke County Sheriff Criminal District Attorney Chief Juvenile Probation Director

County Auditor County Treasurer County Tax Assessor/Collector

District Clerk County Clerk

*Denotes appointed officials. All others listed are elected.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Anderson County, Texas

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the current fiscal year the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, and the Schedules of Funding Progress for the retirement plan for the employees of Anderson County, Texas, and the retiree health plan for the employees of Anderson County, Texas, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Anderson County, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2014, on our consideration of Anderson County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Anderson County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 23, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Anderson County, we offer readers of Anderson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Anderson County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The net position of Anderson County at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$33,424,401. Of this amount, \$8,024,087 *(unrestricted net position)* may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

- The County's total net position increased by \$631,223 from operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Anderson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,281,191, an increase of \$589,065 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,876,952, or 40% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Anderson County's basic financial statements. Anderson County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Anderson County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Anderson County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the net difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Anderson County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Anderson County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues *(governmental activities)* from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges *(business-type activities)*. The governmental activities of Anderson County include general government, judicial, public safety, social services, and roads and bridges.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Anderson County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Anderson County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government wide financial statements. However unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Anderson County maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Farm to Market Lateral Road, Law Library, Court Reporter, and Debt Service Funds. The County does not adopt a legal budget for the Grant, Juvenile Probation, Court Technology and Security, Child Welfare Board, District Attorney, Records Preservation and Management, Historical Commission, Sheriff Forfeiture, Guardianship, or the Capital Projects Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses its Internal Service Fund to account for its health insurance. This internal service function has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement

because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining fund statements and schedules that further support the information in the financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Anderson County, net position was \$33,424,401 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Anderson County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, is 69% of net position. Anderson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although Anderson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities			vities
		2013		2012
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 	17,721,292 32,858,822 50,580,114	\$	17,725,986 33,398,243 51,124,229
Deferred outflows of resources		526,965		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	-	11,394,883 1,253,241 12,648,124	-	11,558,253 6,597,616 18,155,869
Deferred inflows of resources	_	5,034,554		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	22,981,397 2,418,917 8,024,087	_	23,145,292 3,071,484 6,751,584
Total net position	\$	33,424,401	\$	32,968,360

Anderson County's Net Position

An additional portion of Anderson County's net position, \$2,418,917 (7%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$8,024,087 (24%), may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Anderson County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased Anderson County's net position by \$631,223.

	Governmental Activities			
	2013	2012		
REVENUES				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,929,732	\$ 4,186,960		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 5,929,732 656,903	\$ 4,180,900 883,267		
Capital grants and contributions	38,782	136,810		
General revenues:	30,782	150,810		
Property taxes	13,519,429	13,315,925		
Sales taxes	2,489,686	2,625,335		
Other taxes	31,201	2,025,555		
Investment earnings	71,189	77,159		
Gain on sale of capital assets	141,118	74,163		
Miscellaneous	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	436,099	175,737		
Total revenues	21,314,139	21,502,045		
EXPENSES				
General government	5,487,449	5,175,991		
Judicial	2,870,623	2,807,616		
Public safety	6,503,707	6,973,029		
Social services	710,814	858,731		
	4,976,753	4,500,010		
Roads and bridges	, ,	· · ·		
Interest on long-term debt	133,570	543,041		
Total expenses	20,682,916	20,858,418		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	631,223	643,627		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	32,968,360	32,324,733		
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	(175,182)			
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$33,424,401	\$32,968,360		

Anderson County's Changes in Net Position

Property taxes increased \$203,504 due to increased property tax values. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$98,028 and operating grants and contributions decreased by \$226,364 as a result in changes in funding activities from granting agencies.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Anderson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Anderson County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing Anderson County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Anderson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,876,952. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 40% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of Anderson County's General Fund increased by \$1,058,357 during the current fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to budgeting. In other words, revenues exceeded expenditures in the approved 2013 budget.

Proprietary Fund. Unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Fund is \$86,650. The Internal Service Fund experienced a decrease in total net position during 2013 in the amount of \$519.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts in the General Fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than budgeted by \$797,618, primarily due to economic factors and conservative revenue estimates. The County experienced slight increases in anticipated revenues from sales tax and fines and fees.
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted by \$671,038, primarily due to budgetary controls and adherence to adopted budget across all departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. Anderson County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2013, amount to \$32,858,822 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

	Governmental Activities			
	2013			2012
Land	\$	1,733,515	\$	1,736,715
Buildings and improvements		17,737,610		18,288,058
Roads and bridges		10,904,040		11,092,735
Machinery and equipment		2,306,257		2,280,735
Construction in progress		177,400		-
Total	\$	32,858,822	\$	33,398,243

Anderson County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Major additions to the County's capital assets include two road and bridge shop buildings.

Additional information on Anderson County's capital assets can be found in note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Anderson County had total bonded debt of \$9,620,000.

Anderson County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental Activities			
	2013		2012	
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003	\$	-	\$	215,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005		1,065,000		1,565,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012		8,555,000		8,660,000
Total	\$	9,620,000	\$	10,440,000

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 5% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for Anderson County is \$131,400,768, which is significantly in excess of the Anderson County outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Anderson County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Auditor's office, 703 N. Mallard, Suite 110, Palestine, TX 75801.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 14,875,665
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	
Accounts	960,782
Property taxes	1,283,729
Other taxes	451,021
Due from other governments	45,653
Prepaid expenses	104,442
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Non-depreciable	1,910,915
Depreciable	30,947,907
Total assets	50,580,114
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred loss on bond refunding	526,965
Total deferred outflows of resources	526,965
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	574,614
Accrued liabilities	313,366
Due to other governments	200,707
Other payables	63,364
Unearned revenue	14,588
Accrued interest payable	86,602
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	913,476
Due in more than one year	10,481,407
Total liabilities	12,648,124
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Advance property tax collections	5,034,554
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,034,554
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	22,981,397
Restricted for:	
Roads and bridges	420,620
Judicial operations	762,395
Public safety operations	111,174
Social services operations	20,829
Capital acquisition and construction	889,111
Debt service	214,788
Unrestricted	8,024,087
Total net position	\$33,424,401

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Functions/Programs			Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental	
Governmental activities: General government Judicial Public safety Social services Roads and bridges	\$ 5,487,449 2,870,623 6,503,707 710,814 4,976,753	\$	2,768,356 571,300 588,210 - 1,866	\$	- 181,762 454,016 21,125 -	\$	38,782	\$(((2,719,093) 2,117,561) 5,461,481) 650,907) 4,974,887)	
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	133,570 \$ 20,682,916	\$_	- 3,929,732	\$	- 656,903	\$	- 38,782	(<u>133,570)</u> <u>16,057,499)</u>	
		axes es urning of cap s gener	bital assets						13,519,429 2,489,686 31,201 71,189 141,118 436,099 16,688,722	
	Change in net position Net position, beginning							631,223 32,968,360		
	Change in accounting principle					(175,182)			
	Net position, end	ling						\$	33,424,401	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General			Other overnmental	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	11,641,802	\$	3,059,942	\$	14,701,744
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles:						
Accounts		958,379		-		958,379
Property taxes		1,070,706		213,023		1,283,729
Other taxes		451,021		-		451,021
Prepaid expenditures		104,387		55		104,442
Due from other governments		11,006		34,647		45,653
Due from other funds		5,184		50		5,234
Total assets	\$	14,242,485	\$	3,307,717	\$	17,550,202
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	493,013	\$	81,601	\$	574,614
Accrued liabilities		206,769		18,565		225,334
Due to other governments		200,707		-		200,707
Due to other funds		50		5,184		5,234
Unearned revenue		-		12,946		12,946
Other payables		31,096		32,268	_	63,364
Total liabilities		931,635		150,564		1,082,199
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Advance property tax collections		4,382,975		651,579		5,034,554
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,029,403		205,722		1,235,125
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees		917,133		-		917,133
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,329,511		857,301		7,186,812
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid expenditures		104,387		55		104,442
Restricted for:						
Roads and bridges		-		309,835		309,835
Judicial operations		-		762,395		762,395
Public safety operations		-		100,417		100,417
Social services operations		-		20,829		20,829
Capital acquisition and construction		-		889,111		889,111
Debt service		-		217,210		217,210
Unassigned		6,876,952	_	-		6,876,952
Total fund balances	. <u> </u>	6,981,339		2,299,852		9,281,191
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balances	\$	14,242,485	\$	3,307,717	\$	17,550,202

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds:	\$ 9,281,191
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	32,858,822
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service	
Fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	86,650
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,152,258
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(11,481,485)
The deferred loss on bond refunding is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	526,965
Net position of governmental activities	\$33,424,401

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Total
		Other	Governmental
	General	Governmental	Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 12,143,024	\$ 1,448,210	\$ 13,591,234
Sales	2,489,686	-	2,489,686
Mixed beverage	31,201	-	31,201
Intergovernmental	252,242	540,538	792,780
Fees of office	2,761,060	208,930	2,969,990
Fines and forfeitures	752,916	533,183	1,286,099
Investment earnings	58,760	12,420	71,180
Other revenue	69,780	118,158	187,938
Total revenues	18,558,669	2,861,439	21,420,108
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	4,208,521	285,488	4,494,009
Judicial	2,574,922	210,505	2,785,427
Public safety	5,364,804	791,459	6,156,263
Social services	669,406	23,274	692,680
Roads and bridges	3,605,393	778,295	4,383,688
Debt service:			
Principal	21,993	820,000	841,993
Interest and other charges	83	245,385	245,468
Capital outlay	568,189	557,644	1,125,833
Total expenditures	17,013,311	3,712,050	20,725,361
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,545,358	(850,611)	694,747
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	92,204	-	92,204
Insurance recoveries	52,114	-	52,114
Transfers in	-	381,319	381,319
Transfers out	(631,319)		(631,319)
Total other financing sources and uses	(487,001)	381,319	(105,682)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,058,357	(469,292)	589,065
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	5,922,982	2,769,144	8,692,126
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 6,981,339	\$2,299,852	\$9,281,191

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	589,065
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	(536,161)
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the		
asset sold.	(3,260)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(247,087)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		743,031
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	(52,696)
Accrued interest not reflected on governmental funds		138,850
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental		
activities.	(519)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u> </u>	631,223

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 173,921
Accounts receivable, net	2,403
Total assets	176,324
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Claims payable	88,032
Unearned revenue	1,642
Total liabilities	89,674
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	86,650
Total net position	\$86,650

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 2,131,241
Total operating revenues	2,131,241
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Insurance claims	1,978,770
Insurance premiums and administrative costs	407,466
Total operating expenses	2,386,236
OPERATING LOSS	(254,995)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	4,476
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	4,476
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(250,519)
Transfers in	250,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(519)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	87,169
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$86,650

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	I	overnmental Activities - lf-Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	\$	2 212 606
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$	2,212,606 2,613,418)
Net cash used by operating activities	(400,812)
	<u> </u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		250.000
Transfers from other funds		250,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		250,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		4,476
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,476
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(146,336)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	_	320,257
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	173,921
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$(254,995)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		, ,
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable		80,915
Due from other funds		450
Decrease (increase) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	(32,160)
Claims payable	(177,808)
Unearned revenue	(17,214)
Net cash used by operations	\$ <u>(</u>	400,812)

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STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$4,898,001
Total assets	\$4,898,001
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	\$4,898,001
Total liabilities	\$4,898,001

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Anderson County, Texas was created in 1846 with Palestine as the County seat. The County is governed by an elected Commissioners' Court consisting of four precinct commissioners and the County Judge. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and bridges and socials services (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the government-wide statements to emphasize that is legally separate from the primary government.

No component units are reported in this financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. *Governmental activities* are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General Fund is the only major governmental fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. The combined amounts of these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting their assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the resources used for the construction and acquisition of capital facilities by the County.

The <u>**Debt Service Fund</u>** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general long-term debt associated with the acquisition and/or construction of facilities and equipment for the County.</u>

The *Internal Service Fund*, commonly known as the Self-Insurance Fund, is used to account for insurance coverage and administrative services provided to other departments or agencies of the County. This fund is funded by quasi-external transfers from other funds and charges to employees for extended benefits at their option. Charges are determined on a cost-reimbursed basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for others.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund are charges to participants for services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Deposits

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposits, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

The County records investments at fair value in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and/or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

Time deposits of all funds are stated at cost. At December 31, 2013, the stated amount of the time deposits approximates the market price, and consists of certificates of deposit and *NOW* accounts.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

The Anderson County Tax Assessor/Collector collects property taxes for the County. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before January 31st of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected in the government-wide statements based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for items or services for a future period beyond December 31, are recorded as prepaid items. The County uses the consumption method to account for prepaid items. This means that expenditures are recognized proportionately over the periods that services are provided. The fund balances in the affected funds have been classified as nonspendable for amounts equal to the prepayments since these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Improvements	5-50
Equipment	5-20
Infrastructure (roads and bridges)	20-50

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation in varying amounts and earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month. Employees do not earn vacation leave until the completion of one year of service for the county. Employees earn vacation based on the following table:

Years of Employment	Vacation Days	
1-2 years	80 hours per year	
3-9 years	96 hours per year	
10-19 years	120 hours per year	
20+ years	160 hours per year	

Vacation leave may not be accrued in excess of the maximum amount of 200 hours unless meet eligibility requirements. Also, in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act as it applies to local governments, non-exempt county employees are granted compensatory time for hours worked beyond their regular working hours. Vacation and compensatory time is paid upon termination of employment. Accrued sick time is not paid out per the policy of the Commissioner's Court.

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

All vacation pay and compensatory time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these payments is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County is reporting a balance for a deferred loss on bond refunding in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on a bond refunding results when the reacquisition price of the refunded debt exceeds the carrying value. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County only has one type of item in the government-wide financial statements to report in this category. The County is reporting a balance for advance property tax collections in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Additionally, the County has items, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting

in this category. The advance collections of property taxes are deferred inflows of resources as well as unavailable revenues for property taxes and court fines and fees.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by the Commissioners' Court or County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds. The County will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General fund ranging from 18 to 25% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment.

If it is determined that the County is below this minimum established fund balance level, the governing body will be informed of this condition and take necessary budgetary steps to bring fund balance level into compliance with this policy through budgetary actions.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Change in Accounting Principles

As the result of implementing GASB Statement No. 65, the County has restated the beginning net position, effectively decreasing net position as of October 1, 2012 by \$175,182 for the governmental activities. These decreases result from no longer deferring and amortizing bond issuance costs.

Further, the County has restated its long-term liabilities to reflect that a component of those liabilities as of October 1, 2012, deferred loss on bond refunding, is now reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of this change increases the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities by \$579,661. This increase in long-term liabilities corresponds to an increase in deferred outflows of resources.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (11,481,485) difference are as follows:

General obligation bonds	\$(9,620,000)
Compensated absences	(253,905)
Accrued interest payable	(86,602)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(1,263,553)
Premium on bond issuance	(257,425)
Net adjustment to increase <i>fund balance - total</i> governmental funds to arrive at <i>net position -</i> governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>11,481,485</u>)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental fund and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period." The details of this \$(536,221) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	1,452,835
Depreciation expense	(1,988,996)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net changes in fund balances</i> - <i>total governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>changes in net</i> position <i>of governmental activities</i>	\$ <u>(</u>	536,161)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned." The details of this \$(247,087) difference are as follows:

Property taxes	\$(71,805)
Court fines and fees	(175,282)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	247,087)

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2013, the County had the following investment:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 2,501,571	50

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit; (3) certain municipal securities; (4) money market savings accounts; (5) repurchase agreements; (6) bankers acceptances; (7) Mutual Funds; (8) investment pools; (9) guaranteed investment contracts; and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform tests procedures related to investment practices as provide by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pool is a 2a7-like pool. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a matter consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2013, the carrying value of the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty and interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied on or before January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalties.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Property taxes are collected for general, debt service, and farm to market and lateral road. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which collections are made.

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Receivables:			
Property taxes	\$ 1,127,343	\$ 224,220	\$ 1,351,563
Other taxes	451,021	-	451,021
Court fines and fees	5,885,488	-	5,885,488
Accounts	41,246		41,246
Gross receivables	7,505,098	224,220	7,729,318
Less: allowance for		· · · · · · · · ·	(- - - - - - - - - -
uncollectibles	(5,024,992)	(11,197)	(5,036,189)
Net total receivables	\$2,480,106	\$213,023	\$2,693,129

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,736,715	\$ -	\$(3,200)	\$ 1,733,515
Construction in progress	-	177,400	-	177,400
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,736,715	177,400	(3,200)	1,910,915
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Roads and bridges	49,566,036	402,757	(114,000)	49,854,793
Buildings and improvements	23,951,751	74,728	-	24,026,479
Machinery and equipment	9,621,908	797,950	(285,686)	10,134,172
Total capital assets being depreciated	83,139,695	1,275,435	(399,686)	84,015,444
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Roads and bridges	38,473,301	591,452	(114,000)	38,950,753
Buildings and improvements	5,663,693	625,176	-	6,288,869
Machinery and equipment	7,341,173	772,368	(285,626)	7,827,915
Total accumulated depreciation	51,478,167	1,988,996	(399,626)	53,067,537
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	31,661,528	(713,561)	(60)	30,947,907
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 33,398,243	\$(536,161)	\$(3,260)	\$ 32,858,822

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 902,634
Judicial	28,796
Public safety	222,980
Social services	3,747
Roads and bridges	 830,839
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,988,996

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2013, is as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds:

		Receivable fund:				
	0	General		nmajor rnmental		Total
Payable fund: General Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 5,184	\$	50	\$	50 5,184
Total	\$	5,184	\$	50	\$	5,234

All balances of due to/due from resulted from short-term loans that are to be reimbursed within the next year.

Interfund Transfers:

	Transf			
	Nonmajor Governmental		Total	
Transfers out: General	\$ <u>381,319</u>	\$250,000	\$ <u>631,319</u>	
Total transfers	\$	\$	\$ <u>631,319</u>	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

On August 1, 2005, the County authorized and issued \$9,950,000 in general obligation bonds under the authority of the Certificate of Obligation Act of 1971. These obligations bear interest at the rate of 3.25% to 5% and will be retired over a period of 18 years beginning in 2006. Proceeds from these obligations are restricted for the construction of capital assets.

On July 15, 2012, the County issued \$8,660,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$5,390,000 for the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 and \$2,735,000 for the Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	 Amount
\$9,950,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005	3.25% - 5.0%	\$ 1,065,000
\$8,660,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.0%-2.5%	8,555,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			
December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2014	\$ 850,000	\$ 466,188		
2015	885,000	434,844		
2016	905,000	159,200		
2017	935,000	140,800		
2018	950,000	121,950		
2019-2023	5,095,000	301,925		
Total	\$9,620,000	\$1,624,907		

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Government activities					
Bonds payable:					
Certificates of obligation	\$ 215,000	\$ -	\$ 215,000	\$ -	\$ -
General obligation bonds	10,225,000	-	605,000	9,620,000	850,000
Premium on bonds	283,168	-	25,743	257,425	-
Capital lease	21,993	-	21,993	-	-
Net OPEB obligation	1,102,295	403,191	241,933	1,263,553	-
Compensated absences	290,457	260,892	297,444	253,905	63,476
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 12,137,913	\$ 664,083	\$ 1,407,113	\$ 11,394,883	\$ 913,476

The compensated absences and OPEB liabilities attributable to the governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Defeased Debt Outstanding

In 2012, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. As of December 31, 2013, the County has \$5,390,000 of defeased bonds outstanding.

<u>Risk Management</u>

The County is a member of the Texas Association of Counties Risk Pool ('Pool"). The Pool was created for the purpose of providing coverage against risks which are inherent in operating a political subdivision. The County pays annual premiums to the Pool for unemployment and workers' compensation coverage. The County's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide coverage through commercial companies reinsurance contracts. The Pool agrees to handle all unemployment and workers' compensation claims and provide any defense as is necessary. The Pool makes available to the County loss control services to assist the County in following a plan of loss control that may result in reduced losses. The County agrees that it will cooperate in instituting any and all reasonable loss control recommendations made by the Pool. The County also carries commercial insurance on all other risks of loss, including liability, property, and accident insurance.

The County has experienced no significant reductions in coverage through the Pool over the past year. There have been no insurance settlements exceeding Pool and commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

Self Insurance

The Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the County's group health and prescription expenses. A third-party administrator, Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, administers the County plan. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the County paid six hundred and fifty dollars (\$650) per month for health and prescription benefits per budgeted full time position to the plan. Employees, at their option authorized payroll deductions to pay premiums for dependents. In accordance with state law, the County was protected against catastrophic individual loss by stop-loss coverage carried through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas. The County paid \$246,651 for the fiscal year for stop-loss coverage.

Employees' premiums are paid by the General and Special Revenue funds into the Self Insurance Fund. These premiums are recorded as expenditures in the paying funds and are available to pay claims, insurance premiums, and administrative costs of the program. During fiscal year 2013, a total of \$2,139,585 was paid in benefits, premiums and administrative costs. The excess coverage insurance covers the plan against individual claims in excess of \$85,000 per covered person per year. Estimated claims payable, based upon claims filed and estimated unfiled claims at year-end, were \$88,032 as of December 31, 2013. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past year were as follows:

		2013	 2012
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims (including incurred but not reported) Claim payments	\$ _(265,840 1,978,770 2,156,578)	\$ 96,617 1,726,823 1,557,600)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ <u></u>	88,032	\$ 265,840

Pension Plan

Anderson County provides pension, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 624 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.85% for the accounting year of 2013.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2013 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. For calendar year 2012, the employee deposit rate was 7%. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Annual Pension Cost

For the employer's accounting year ending December 31, 2013, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$1,006,594 and the actual contributions were \$1,006,594.

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2011, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar year 2013. The December 31, 2012, actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2010	12/31/2011	12/31/2012
Actuarial cost method Amortization method	entry age level percentage of payroll, closed	entry age level percentage of payroll, closed	entry age level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years Asset valuation method	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment return ¹	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary increases ¹	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Actuarial Valuation Information

¹Includes inflation at the stated rate

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Anderson County

Accounting Year Ending	I	Annual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Pe	Net ension ligation
12/31/2011 12/31/2012 12/31/2013	\$	774,068 832,823 1,006,594	100% 100% 100%	\$	- - -

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage
	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll (1)	Payroll
Year	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
2012	\$ 18,515,775	\$ 23,906,989	\$ 5,391,214	77.45%	\$ 9,003,493	59.88%

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retirement Plan For the Employees of Anderson County

- (1) The annual covered payroll is based on the employee contributions received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.
- (2) Revised economic and demographic assumptions due to an experience review were reflected in this valuation.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Plan description and Funding Policy. Currently, health insurance benefits, provided under the County's self-insured plan, are provided to eligible retirees of the County in accordance with policies and procedures approved by Commissioners' Court. The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly made available financial report.

All employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2012, will have the option of retaining the County's group health insurance coverage upon their retirement. If they are vested and eligible for retirement with the Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS") at the time they leave employment, they will be required to make the same employee contribution as is required of active employees with similar dependent elections. Employees who are vested in TCDRS and who are hired subsequent to January 1, 2012, will have the option of retaining the County's group health insurance coverage upon their retirement, provided that the retired employee pays 100% of the required monthly premium for their coverage elections.

All group insurance will cease when retired employees reach age 65, provided however, that if the retired employee's spouse has not reached the age of 65 and/or the retired employee's children have not reached the age of 26, the spouse and/or children will be eligible for group health coverage until they reach the age of 65 and 26 respectively. The County, annually, will stipulate the required contribution from the retired employee needed to extend the coverage of their eligible dependents after the retired employee has reached age 65.

As of December 31, 2013, the County has 16 retirees that were eligible for the OPEB plan and the cost to the County was \$241,933. Post-retirement health care benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The

ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's OPEB obligation to the postemployment medical plan.

Annual required contribution	\$	419,787
Interest on OPEB obligation		49,603
Adjustment to ARC	(66,199)
Annual OPEB cost		403,191
Net employer contributions	(241,933)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		161,258
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		1,102,295
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	1,263,553

The County's annual OPEB cost, amount contributed to the plan, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2013, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation End of Year	
12/31/2011	\$ 403,416	\$ 190,511	47.2%	\$ 869,776	
12/31/2012	400,579	168,061	42.0%	1,102,295	
12/31/2013	403,191	241,933	60.0%	1,263,553	

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funding status of the post employment benefit plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/13	\$ -	\$ 3,934,067	\$ 3,934,067	- %	\$ 7,751,867	50.75%

Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

A schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the

actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method	12/31/2011 Projected unit credit	12/31/2013 Projected unit credit	
Amortization method	Level as a percentage of payroll	Level as a percentage of payroll	
Remaining amortization period	30 years; open amortization	30 years; open amortization	
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	4.5%, net of expenses	4.5%, net of expenses	
Projected salary increases	Payroll growth 3% per annum.	Payroll growth 3% per annum.	
Health care trend rate	9:5 initial and declining	9:5 initial and declining	
	4.5% ultimate after 9 years.	4.5% ultimate after 9 years.	
Inflation rate	3%	3%	

In June 2004, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45 *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, which was effective for the County for the year ended December 31, 2008. The County obtained an actuarial valuation and implemented GASB No. 45 in the year ending December 31, 2011. Therefore, only two years are available for the schedule of funding progress. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Commitments and Contingencies

- a. <u>Grants</u> The County has received Federal and State financial assistance in the form of grants and entitlements that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement by the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. In the opinion of County management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant to the County's financial position.
- b. <u>Litigation</u> The evaluation of County management is that any liability to the County relating to such claims and lawsuits will not have a material impact on the County's financial position. Historically, the County has not incurred significant losses from claims or lawsuits which arise during the ordinary course of business.
- c. <u>Construction</u> Continuing construction projects include renovations, repairs and equipment for the existing Courthouse.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2012 12/31/2011	\$ 18,515,775 17,712,436	\$ 23,906,989 22,175,647	\$ 5,391,214 4,463,211	77.45% 79.87%	\$ 9,003,493 8,826,371	59.88% 50.57%
12/31/2010	17,496,056	21,563,683	4,067,627	81.14%	8,849,624	45.96%

(1) The annual covered payroll is based on the employee deposits received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR RETIREE HEALTH PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2011	\$ -	\$ 3,456,309	\$ 3,456,309	- %	\$ 6,873,044	50.29%
12/31/2013	-	3,934,067	3,934,067	- %	7,751,867	50.75%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance
DEMENTIEC	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes: Property	\$ 11,945,770	\$ 11,945,770	\$ 12,143,024	\$ 197,254
Sales	2,225,000	2,225,000	2,489,686	264,686
Mixed beverage	2,225,000	28,000	31,201	3,201
Intergovernmental	218,956	218,956	252,242	33,286
Fees of office	2,664,075	2,664,075	2,761,060	96,985
Fines and forfeitures	594,250	594,250	752,916	158,666
Investment earnings	60,000	60,000	58,760	(1,240)
Other revenue	25,000	25,000	69,780	44,780
Total revenues	17,761,051	17,761,051	18,558,669	797,618
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
County auditor	355,199	358,367	351,096	7,271
County judge	153,822	155,057	153,303	1,754
County treasurer	129,376	129,152	123,063	6,089
Tax assessor-collector	600,714	606,075	590,731	15,344
Commissioners	294,967	297,685	285,152	12,533
County clerk	434,279	433,756	423,189	10,567
District clerk	421,354	424,913	370,092	54,821
Courthouse	551,979	594,921	585,761	9,160
Elections	116,669	117,446	108,157	9,289
Information technology	133,198	134,315	117,059	17,256
Miscellaneous legal	145,000	97,850	97,807	43
Miscellaneous	1,227,020	1,024,083	1,003,111	20,972
Total general government	4,563,577	4,373,620	4,208,521	165,099
Judicial:				
County court	49,872	67,522	66,972	550
County court-at-law	370,813	449,449	447,836	1,613
District court	754,926	795,907	773,837	22,070
District attorney	794,490	800,614	789,466	11,148
Justice of the peace, precinct 1	123,465	124,513	123,520	993
Justice of the peace, precinct 2	124,215	125,263	123,453	1,810
Justice of the peace, precinct 3	127,744	128,838	127,426	1,412
Justice of the peace, precinct 4	121,411	122,423	122,412	11
Total judicial	2,466,936	2,614,529	2,574,922	39,607

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final		
	Original	Final	Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget - Positive (Negative)		
EXPENDITURES (Continued)						
Public safety:						
Emergency management	\$ 110,588	\$ 111,465	\$ 105,138	\$ 6,327		
Constable, precinct 1	71,573	73,953	67,341	6,612		
Constable, precinct 2	70,578	69,232	69,202	30		
Constable, precinct 3	68,114	68,806	65,849	2,957		
Constable, precinct 4	68,728	69,203	65,269	3,934		
Sheriff	2,301,776	2,331,231	2,291,042	40,189		
Bailiff/security	175,847	179,665	171,026	8,639		
State highway patrol	46,363	46,741	44,837	1,904		
Bail bond supervision	98,828	99,340	98,675	665		
County jail	2,457,579	2,460,847	2,386,425	74,422		
Total public safety	5,469,974	5,510,483	5,364,804	145,679		
Social services:						
Dogwood park	72,814	73,298	70,771	2,527		
Extension services	95,559	93,060	92,942	118		
Indigent health	233,004	233,199	91,268	141,931		
County services	373,350	419,630	387,293	32,337		
Veterans Service Officer	37,105	37,380	27,132	10,248		
Total social services	811,832	856,567	669,406	187,161		
Road and bridge:						
Administration	158,000	158,000	156,741	1,259		
Precinct 1	907,492	914,139	897,594	16,545		
Precinct 2	673,558	721,933	715,241	6,692		
Precinct 3	927,130	1,000,542	911,453	89,089		
Precinct 4	782,918	772,955	747,634	25,321		
Shop	192,615	193,908	176,730	17,178		
Total road and bridge	3,641,713	3,761,477	3,605,393	156,084		
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	21,993	(21,993)		
Interest and other charges	-	-	83	(83)		
Total debt service			22,076	(22,076)		
Capital outlay	455,699	567,673	568,189	<u>(516)</u>		
Total expenditures	17,409,731	17,684,349	17,013,311	671,038		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	351,320	76,702	1,545,358	1,468,656		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	92,204	\$	92,204	
Insurance recovery		-		-		52,114		52,114	
Transfers out	(351,325)	(627,026)	(631,319)	(4,293)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(351,325)	(627,026)	(487,001)		140,025	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5)	(550,324)		1,058,357		1,608,681	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		5,922,982		5,922,982		5,922,982			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,922,977	\$	5,372,658	\$	6,981,339	\$	1,608,681	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial report:

- 1. The County Judge has departmental meetings with management to determine the departmental budget requests.
- 2. The County Judge submits to the County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January. The operational budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. After the public hearings, the Commissioners' Court reviews the budget and makes any adjustments they feel necessary.
- 5. The budget is then legally enacted by the Commissioners' Court on or before October 1.

Only the governing body, composed of the Commissioners' Court, may amend the budget after its adoption so long as the amendment continues to meet the requirements of Section 111 of the *Local Government Code*. During the year, several supplementary amendments to the original budget were required. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, and all amendments were legally made.

The County's budget authorizes expenditures for all governmental fund types. The County's legally adopted budget is at the department level in those funds with multiple departments and at the fund level in single department funds. All budgets are fixed in nature. For internal management purposes, the budgets are detailed by line item and entered into the accounting records. Comparisons of actual expenditures or expenses to budget are made on an ongoing basis.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget appropriations lapse at year-end. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Farm to Market Lateral Road, Law Library, Court Reporter, and Debt Service Funds. The County does not adopt a legal budget for the Grant, Juvenile Probation, Court Technology and Security, Child Welfare Board, District Attorney, Records Preservation and Management, Historical Commission, Sheriff Forfeiture, Guardianship, or the Capital Projects Funds.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Farm to Market and Lateral Road – This fund accounts for all property taxes collected pursuant to *Transportation Code §256.054* for construction and maintenance of farm-to-market and lateral roads, for flood control purposes, or for both, as determined by the Commissioners' Court.

Grant – This fund accounts for all grant funding from local, state, and federal grants.

Juvenile Probation – This fund accounts for the operations of the Juvenile Probation Department.

Law Library – This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to *Local Government Code* §323.023 for the operations of the law library.

Court Technology and Security – This fund accounts for the fees collected from defendants in criminal cases pursuant to the *Code of Criminal Procedure* §102.0169, §102.017, and §102.0173. Proceeds are used to cover the costs of continuing education and training for the judges and clerks on technological enhancements and for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements including computer systems, networks, hardware, and software, imaging systems, electronic kiosks, and docket management systems.

Child Welfare Board – This fund accounts for receipts and disbursements related to the Child Welfare Board.

District Attorney – This fund accounts for all receipts and disbursements related to the discretionary funding of the District Attorney.

Records Preservation and Management –This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements related to the record management and preservation program. Resources from this fund are used to manage, organize, promote, implement, preserve, and maintain County records. Access to these funds requires specific Commissioners' Court approval.

Court Reporter – This fund accounts for court reporter fees collected pursuant to *Government Code* §51.601 which defray the cost of providing court-reporting services for the County of Anderson.

Historical Commission – This fund accounts for funding necessary to conduct the operations of the Anderson County Historical Commission.

Sheriff Forfeiture – This fund accounts for the funds that have been awarded to the Sheriff's office pursuant to a court order to forfeit funds from seizures conducted during criminal activity. These funds are to be used for law enforcement purposes by the Sheriff's office.

Guardianship – This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to *Local Government Code* $\S118.067$ whereby the clerk of the court collects a fee on certain probate court actions involving guardianships and is to provide supplemental funding for court-appointed guardians ad litem and court-appointed attorneys ad litem and to fund local guardianship programs for indigent incapacitated individuals.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for expenditures for various capital improvement projects as approved by the Commissioners' Court.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Special Revenue											
		Farm to Market and Lateral Road		Grant		Juvenile Probation		Law Library		Court Technology and Security		Child Welfare Board
ASSETS												
Cash	\$	523,460	\$	-	\$	40,224	\$	22,987	\$	102,769	\$	45,169
Receivables, net:												
Property taxes		114,003		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		33,728		-		-		-		919
Due from other funds			_	-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	637,463	\$	33,728	\$	40,224	\$	22,987	\$	102,769	\$_	46,088
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	2,114	\$	-	\$	346	\$	1,433	\$	324	\$	-
Accrued liabilities	*	-,	+	2,527	*	12,183	+	-	*	1,009	*	-
Due to other funds		-		5,184		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		12,946		-		-		-		-
Other payables		-	_	-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		2,114	_	20,657		12,529	_	1,433		1,333	_	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5											
Advance property tax collections		214,729		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		110,785		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	325,514	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid expenditures Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-		-
Roads and bridges		309,835		_		_		_		_		_
Judicial operations		-		-		-		21,554		101,436		-
Public safety operations		-		13,071		27,695		-		-		46,088
Social services operations		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital acquisition and construction		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service			-	-			-			-	-	
Total fund balances		309,835		13,071		27,695	_	21,554		101,436	_	46,088
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources												
and fund balances	\$	637,463	\$	33,728	\$	40,224	\$	22,987	\$	102,769	\$	46,088

	Special Revenue																
	District Attorney	Records Preservation and Management		Court Reporter		Historical Commission		Sheriff Forfeiture		Guardianship		Capital Projects		Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	215,448	\$	352,992	\$	86,857	\$	850	\$	45,849	\$	19,979	\$	953,209	\$	650,149	\$	3,059,942
							_		_		-		10,979		88,041		213,023
	55		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		55
	-		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		34,647
_	-		-		-				-		-		-		50		50
\$	215,503	\$	352,992	\$_	86,857	\$	850	\$	45,849	\$	19,979	\$	964,188	\$	738,240	\$ <u></u>	3,307,717
¢	2 1 9 0	¢	0.877	¢		¢		¢	10	¢		¢	(4.220)	¢		¢	81 (01
\$	3,180 1,133	\$	9,866 1,713	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18	\$	-	\$	64,320	\$	-	\$	81,601 18,565
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,184
	-		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		12,946
	-		-		-		-		32,268		-		-		-		32,268
_	4,313		11,579	-	-	_	-	_	32,286		-	_	64,320	_	-		150,564
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		436,850		651,579
	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	10,757		84,180		205,722
_				_					-				10,757	_	521,030		857,301
	55		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		55
	-		_		_		_		_		-		_		_		309,835
	211,135		341,413		86,857		-		_		-		-		-		762,395
	-				-		-		13,563		-		-		-		100,417
	-		-		-		850		-		19,979		-		-		20,829
	-		-		-		-		-		-		889,111		-		889,111
_			-	-	-		-			_	-		-		217,210		217,210
	211,190		341,413	_	86,857		850		13,563		19,979	_	889,111	_	217,210		2,299,852
\$	215,503	\$	352,992	\$	86,857	\$	850	\$	45,849	\$	19,979	\$	964,188	\$	738,240	\$	3,307,717

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue											
	Farm to Market and Lateral Road		Grant		Juvenile Probation		Law Library		Court Technology and Security		,	Child Welfare Board
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	590,497	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		155,539		379,087		-		-		5,912
Fees of office		-		-		159,743		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		18,872		25,468		70,321		-
Investment earnings		-		-		10,113		-		-		178
Miscellaneous		-		2,750		3,809	_	-		-		4,834
Total revenues		590,497		158,289		571,624		25,468	_	70,321		10,924
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		-		146,541		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		36,331		-		17,179		31,808		-
Public safety		-		14,539		715,235		-		46,046		-
Social services		-		-		-		-		-		22,730
Road and bridges		778,295		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		19,327		-		570		-
Total expenditures		778,295		197,411		734,562		17,179	_	78,424		22,730
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(187,798)	(39,122)	(162,938)		8,289	(8,103)	(11,806)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		51,319		275,000		-		35,000		20,000
Total other financing sources and uses	_		_	51,319	_	275,000	_	-	_	35,000	_	20,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(187,798)		12,197		112,062		8,289		26,897		8,194
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	497,633		874	(84,367)	_	13,265		74,539		37,894
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	309,835	\$	13,071	\$	27,695	\$_	21,554	\$	101,436	\$	46,088

	Special Revenue																
	District Attorney	Pre	Records Preservation and Management		Court Reporter		Historical Commission		Sheriff Forfeiture		Guardianship		Capital Projects	Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 	49,187 196,665 226 61,726 307,804	\$	- - - - 188,394	\$	- 13,951 - - 13,951	\$	- - - 3 110 113	\$	15,852 165 526 16,543	\$	- 3,660 - 3,660	\$ 	3,338 - - 132 44,403 47,873	\$	854,375 - - 1,603 - 855,978	\$	1,448,210 540,538 208,930 533,183 12,420 118,158 2,861,439
-	105,562 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		138,947 - - - 52,546 191,493		19,625 - - - - 19,625		- 544 - - - - 544		15,639 - - 2,199 17,838		- - - - - - - -		443,553	_	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		285,488 210,505 791,459 23,274 778,295 820,000 245,385 557,644 3,712,050
-	162,793	<u>(</u>	<u>3,099</u>)	(5,674)	(431)	(1,295)		3,660	(<u>395,680)</u>	<u>(</u>	<u>209,407)</u>	(850,611) 381,319
-	- 162,793 48,397	(- 3,099) 344,512	(5,674) 92,531	(- 431) 1,281	(- 1,295) 14,858	_	3,660	(- 395,680) 1,284,791	(- 209,407) 426,617	(<u>381,319</u> 469,292) 2,769,144
\$_	211,190	\$	341,413	\$	86,857	\$	850	\$	13,563	\$	19,979	\$	889,111	\$	217,210	\$	2,299,852

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BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

FARM TO MARKET AND LATERAL ROAD

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 574,193	\$ 574,193	\$ 590,497	\$ 16,304
Total revenues	574,193	574,193	590,497	16,304
EXPENDITURES Current: Road and bridge Total expenditures	<u>783,177</u> 783,177	783,177 783,177	778,295 778,295	4,882
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(208,984)	(208,984)	(187,798)	21,186
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	497,633	497,633	497,633	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 288,649	\$ 288,649	\$ 309,835	\$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

LAW LIBRARY

	Budgetec	d Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 25,468	\$ 2,468
Total revenues	23,000	23,000	25,468	2,468
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Judicial	15,000	17,200	17,179	21
Total expenditures	15,000	17,200	17,179	21
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	8,000	5,800	8,289	2,489
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	13,265	13,265	13,265	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$21,265	\$ <u>19,065</u>	\$21,554	\$2,489

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

COURT REPORTER

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 12,000	<u>\$ 12,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,951</u>	<u>\$ 1,951</u>
Total revenues	12,000	12,000	13,951	1,951
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Judicial	92,000	92,000	19,625	72,375
Total expenditures	92,000	92,000	19,625	72,375
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(80,000)	(80,000)	(5,674)	74,326
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	92,531	92,531	92,531	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$12,531	\$ 12,531	\$86,857	\$74,326

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

DEBT SERVICE

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ф о <u>с</u> ио л е	¢ 20.500
Property taxes	\$ 823,787	\$ 823,787	\$ 854,375	\$ 30,588
Investment earnings	-		1,603	1,603
Total revenues	823,787	823,787	855,978	32,191
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	820,000	820,000	820,000	-
Interest and other charges	245,385	245,385	245,385	
Total expenditures	1,065,385	1,065,385	1,065,385	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(241,598)	(241,598)	(209,407)	32,191
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	426,617	426,617	426,617	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>185,019</u>	\$ <u>185,019</u>	\$ 217,210	\$32,191

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual private organizations and other governments. The following are the County's agency funds:

Tax Assessor-Collector – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

County Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court order pending distribution.

District Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court order pending distribution.

Sheriff – This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed by the Sheriff's office.

Justice of the Peace– This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed by the Justices of the Peace.

Criminal District Attorney – This fund is used to account for monies collected by the Criminal District Attorney.

Unclaimed Money – This fund is used to account for unclaimed money held on behalf of individuals.

Court of Appeals– This fund is used to account for all fees collected pursuant to *Government Code* §22.2131 pending disbursement to the Twelfth Court of Appeals.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>593,955</u>	\$ <u>73,831,799</u>	<u>\$_70,975,662</u>	\$3,450,092
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$593,955	\$ 73,831,799	\$ 70,975,662	\$3,450,092
COUNTY CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$273,020	\$1,024,768	\$ 1,130,784	\$167,004
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$273,020	\$1,024,768	\$ 1,130,784	\$ 167,004
DISTRICT CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$1,180,162	<u>\$ 1,252,259</u>	\$ 1,274,840	\$ <u>1,157,581</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$1,180,162	<u>\$ 1,252,259</u>	\$ 1,274,840	\$ 1,157,581
<u>SHERIFF</u>				
Assets:	¢	• • • • • • • • • •	ф <u>1 д 4 4 6 6</u>	ф слод и
Cash and investments	\$37,824	\$1,761,012	\$1,744,462	\$ 54,374
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$37,824	\$1,761,012	\$ 1,744,462	\$ 54,374
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 8,655	\$ <u>1,311,897</u>	\$ 1,314,419	\$ 6,133
Liabilities:	A	• • • • • • • • • =		b c c a -
Due to others	\$8,655	\$ <u>1,311,897</u>	\$ <u>1,314,419</u>	\$ 6,133

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY				
Assets:	¢ 50.072	ф 10 <i>с</i> сол	¢ 100.204	ф <u>ст</u> 10 <i>С</i>
Cash and investments	\$ 58,973	\$ 186,537	\$ 188,384	\$ 57,126
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 58,973	<u>\$ 186,537</u>	\$ 188,384	\$ 57,126
UNCLAIMED MONEY Assets: Cash and investments	\$ <u>5,384</u>	\$ <u>307</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 5,384	\$ 307	\$ -	\$ 5,691
COURT OF APPEALS				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 608	\$ 4,515	\$ 5,123	\$ -
	· <u> </u>	+ <u></u>	+	*
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ <u>608</u>	\$ 4,515	\$ 5,123	\$ <u> </u>
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,158,581	\$ 79,373,094	\$ 76,633,674	\$ 4,898,001
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>2,158,581</u>	\$ <u>79,373,094</u>	\$ <u>76,633,674</u>	\$ <u>4,898,001</u>

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Anderson County, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well- being have changed over time.	56 - 67
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	68 - 72
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	73 – 77
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	78 – 79
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	80 - 85

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 22,981,397	\$ 23,145,292	\$ 23,187,361	\$ 23,393,589	
Restricted	2,418,917	3,071,484	3,579,462	2,316,481	
Unrestricted	8,024,087	6,751,584	5,557,910	7,657,647	
Total governmental activities net position	\$_33,424,401	\$ <u>32,968,360</u>	\$ <u>32,324,733</u>	\$_33,367,717	
Primary government:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 22,981,397	\$ 23,145,292	\$ 23,187,361	\$ 23,393,589	
Restricted	2,418,917	3,071,484	3,579,462	2,316,481	
Unrestricted	8,024,087	6,751,584	5,557,910	7,657,647	
Total primary government net position	\$_33,424,401	\$_32,968,360	\$_32,324,733	\$_33,367,717	

Source: Anderson County financial records.

	Fiscal Year								
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004				
\$ 22,588,582	\$ 22,030,674	\$ 19,795,206	\$ 11,094,026	\$ 9,627,679	\$ 7,048,697				
2,013,184	1,776,146	3,006,533	3,696,138	2,908,056	6,176,409				
8,804,272	8,629,269	10,161,586	9,072,172	10,138,877	9,130,868				
\$33,406,038	\$32,436,089	\$ <u>32,963,325</u>	\$3862,336	\$	\$ <u>22,355,974</u>				
\$ 22,588,582	\$ 22,030,674	\$ 19,795,206	\$ 11,094,026	\$ 9,627,679	\$ 7,048,697				
2,013,184	1,776,146	3,006,533	3,696,138	2,908,056	6,176,409				
8,804,272	8,629,269	10,161,586	9,072,172	10,138,877	9,130,868				
\$ 33,406,038	\$ 32,436,089	\$ 32,963,325	\$ 23,862,336	\$ 22,674,612	\$ 22,355,974				

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	
EXPENSES					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 5,487,449	\$ 5,175,991	\$ 5,095,955	\$ 5,190,938	
Judicial	2,870,623	2,807,616	2,833,469	2,590,476	
Public safety	6,503,707	6,973,029	7,284,060	6,650,546	
Social services	710,814	858,731	788,200	712,048	
Roads and highways	4,976,753	4,500,010	4,220,927	4,312,468	
Interest on long-term debt	133,570	543,041	454,462	478,061	
Total expenses	20,682,916	20,858,418	20,677,073	19,934,537	
1					
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Governmental activities:					
Fees, fines and charges for services:					
General government	\$ 2,768,356	\$ 2,564,081	\$ 2,524,548	\$ 2,382,208	
Judicial	571,300	993,287	589,920	664,973	
Public safety	588,210	625,688	617,051	718,130	
Social services	-	-	-	-	
Roads and highways	1,866	3,904	5,374	6,201	
Operating grants and contributions	656,903	883,267	590,135	745,501	
Capital grants and contributions	38,782	136,810	494,428	9,200	
Total governmental activities					
program revenues	4,625,417	5,207,037	4,821,456	4,526,213	
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES					
Governmental activities	\$(16,057,499)	\$(15,651,381)	\$(15,855,617)	\$(15,408,324)	
Total primary government	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
net expense	(16,057,499)	(15,651,381)	(15,855,617)	(15,408,324)	

	Fiscal Year							
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		
\$	4,774,879	\$ 4,905,331	\$ 4,758,945	\$ 4,740,467	\$ 4,236,985	\$ 3,417,421		
	2,471,772	2,324,373	2,513,936	2,342,633	2,373,047	2,331,214		
	6,231,562	4,918,777	5,133,802	5,455,621	4,897,325	4,160,287		
	734,828	960,576	1,178,732	729,363	1,450,183	1,431,056		
	4,607,098	4,109,293	3,960,787	3,909,147	3,614,746	3,413,310		
	363,386	770,281	551,508	563,238	147,320	206,678		
	19,183,525	17,988,631	18,097,710	17,740,469	16,719,606	14,959,966		
\$	2,617,260	\$ 2,464,568	\$ 1,975,214	\$ 2,389,217	\$ 1,365,075	\$ 900,836		
	658,832	666,322	773,001	813,977	699,227	796,313		
	743,990	747,419	637,881	766,653	386,247	417,366		
	-	-	-	-	247,385	301,797		
	1,442	7,146	90,940	83,370	979,912	963,447		
	777,180	935,339	869,550	979,336	967,360	1,251,810		
_	164,058	1,060,213	7,210	398,857		89,950		
_	4,962,762	5,881,007	4,353,796	5,431,410	4,645,206	4,721,519		
\$ <u>(</u>	14,220,763)	\$ <u>(12,107,624)</u>	\$ <u>(13,743,914)</u>	\$ <u>(12,309,059)</u>	\$ <u>(12,074,400)</u>	\$ <u>(10,238,447)</u>		
(14,220,763)	(12,107,624)	(13,743,914)	(12,309,059)	(12,074,400)	(10,238,447)		
7	, 0,, 00)	<u>(, ,)</u>	(10,7,0,7,1)	<u>(12,00)</u>	<u>(12,07,1,100)</u>	<u>(10,-20, 11)</u>		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
	2013	2012	2011	2010		
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHI Governmental activities:	ER CHANGES IN	NET POSITION				
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 13,519,429	\$ 13,315,925	\$ 12,868,263	\$ 12,664,751		
Sales tax	2,489,686	2,625,335	2,287,587	2,231,330		
Other taxes	31,201	26,689	30,622	32,218		
Investment earnings	71,189	77,159	31,276	25,210		
Miscellaneous	436,099	175,737	209,113	334,901		
Gain from sale of capital assets	141,118	74,163	42,644	81,593		
Total governmental activities	16,688,722	16,295,008	15,469,505	15,370,003		
Total primary government	16,688,722	16,295,008	15,469,505	15,370,003		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						
Governmental activities	631,223	643,627	(386,112)	(38,321)		
Total primary government	\$ 631,223	\$ 643,627	\$ <u>(386,112</u>)	\$ <u>(38,321)</u>		
Changes in net position	631,223	643,627	(386,112)	(38,321)		
Net position - beginning	32,968,360	32,324,733	33,367,717	33,406,038		
Prior period adjustments	(175,182)		(656,872)			
Net position - Ending	\$_33,424,401	\$32,968,360	\$32,324,733	\$33,367,717		

Source: Anderson County financial records

Fiscal Year								
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004			
\$ 12,577,857	\$ 11,827,075	\$ 11,118,755	\$ 10,168,389	\$ 9,586,863	\$ 10,709,071			
2,195,313	2,554,428	2,354,404	2,417,090	2,096,256	1,764,355			
30,122	31,862	36,572	30,705	29,613	29,821			
43,096	186,873	698,601	961,677	489,041	256,135			
307,810	317,228	289,863	233,978	191,265	150,992			
36,514	422,892	20,814	21,795		-			
15,190,712	15,340,358	14,519,009	13,833,634	12,393,038	12,910,374			
15,190,712	15,340,358	14,519,009	13,833,634	12,393,038	12,910,374			
969,949	3,232,734	775,095	1,524,575	318,638	2,671,927			
\$ <u>969,949</u>	\$3,232,734	\$ 775,095	\$ <u>1,524,575</u>	\$318,638	\$2,671,927_			
969,949	3,232,734	775,095	1,524,575	318,638	2,671,927			
32,436,089	32,963,325	23,862,336	22,674,612	22,355,974	19,684,047			
	(3,759,970)	8,325,894	(336,851)					
\$33,406,038	\$32,436,089	\$32,963,325	\$ 23,862,336	\$ 22,674,612	\$ 22,355,974			

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2012		2011		2010
General fund								
Reserved for prepaid items	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	147,106
Unreserved, undesignated		-		-		-		5,663,738
Nonspendable		104,387		96,835		83,848		-
Unassigned		6,876,952		5,826,147		4,654,087		
Total general fund	\$ <u></u>	6,981,339	\$	5,922,982	\$	4,737,935	\$	5,810,844
All other governmental funds								
Reserved for:								
Debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	494,556
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		1,220,809
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		1,589,830
Nonspendable		55		17,563		10,031		-
Restricted		2,299,797		2,835,948		3,156,598		-
Unassigned		-	(84,367)	(20,792)		-
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	2,299,852	\$	2,769,144	\$	3,145,837	\$	3,305,195

Source: Anderson County financial records

Note: In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

	Fiscal Year							
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004			
\$ 142,802 7,058,622	\$ 143,733 6,879,053	\$ 134,596 5,313,845 -	\$ 98,834 4,799,286 -	\$ 39,851 4,417,339	\$ 45,157 4,241,337			
\$7,201,424	\$7,022,786	\$5,448,441	\$4,898,120	\$4,457,190	\$4,286,494			
\$ 402,624 1,119,217	\$ 268,581 1,371,921	\$ 182,120 1,595,719	\$ 112,568 6,110,050	\$ 112,942 11,161,719	\$ 48,477 2,790,632			
1,393,936	1,265,286	2,072,254	2,603,742	2,794,804	3,337,300			
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -			
\$ <u>2,915,777</u>	\$2,905,788	\$3,850,093_	\$8,826,360	\$ <u>14,069,465</u>	\$ <u>6,176,409</u>			

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2013	2012	2011	2010
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 13,591,234	\$ 13,224,702	\$ 12,862,976	\$ 12,514,931
Other taxes	2,520,887	2,652,024	2,318,209	2,263,548
Intergovernmental	792,780	1,139,531	1,216,315	812,820
Fees of office	2,969,990	2,823,898	2,893,597	3,234,010
Fines and forfeitures	1,286,099	1,011,537	831,401	-
Investment earnings	71,180	77,159	31,276	25,210
Other revenue	187,938	120,938	136,868	700,367
Total revenues	21,420,108	21,049,789	20,290,642	19,550,886
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,494,009	4,450,804	4,616,524	4,845,925
Judicial	2,785,427	2,706,479	2,721,971	2,570,698
Public safety	6,156,263	6,263,640	6,466,938	6,056,631
Social services	692,680	831,869	759,577	708,985
Roads and bridges	4,383,688	4,008,553	4,310,450	4,384,472
Debt service:				
Principal	841,993	706,016	685,000	635,000
Interest and fiscal charges	245,468	603,384	463,270	486,576
Capital outlay	1,125,833	931,719	1,112,430	970,344
Total expenditures	20,725,361	20,502,464	21,136,160	20,658,631
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	694,747	547,325	(845,518)	(1,107,745)

TABLE 4

Fiscal Year							
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		
\$ 12,598,499	\$ 11,891,800	\$ 10,902,235	\$ 10,039,594	\$ 8,793,250	\$ 7,914,976		
2,225,435	2,586,290	2,390,976	2,447,788	2,125,513	1,794,067		
1,001,936	1,968,338	804,057	1,296,140	899,219	1,096,510		
3,426,717	3,628,960	3,567,523	3,769,554	3,178,403	3,231,243		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
43,096	186,873	698,601	961,677	489,041	452,237		
899,651	579,334	481,095	467,567	399,290	373,054		
20,195,334	20,841,595	18,844,487	18,982,320	15,884,716	14,862,087		
4,609,448	4,724,655	4,454,656	4,292,071	4,007,289	3,245,453		
2,460,234	2,291,479	2,244,286	2,194,952	2,292,829	2,263,061		
5,873,060	5,181,122	4,824,447	4,903,006	4,734,726	4,019,882		
734,006	953,260	929,294	682,561	1,431,834	1,060,382		
4,217,765	4,061,973	3,669,235	3,465,133	3,314,864	3,144,523		
610,000	590,000	570,000	530,000	155,000	158,707		
508,451	631,613	549,445	584,065	147,320	181,023		
1,030,857	,	,	,	,	,		
<u> </u>	3,029,468	5,743,896	7,214,804	2,042,454	3,135,571		
20,043,821	21,463,570	22,985,259	23,866,592	18,126,316	17,208,602		
151,513	(621,975)	(4,140,772)	(4,884,272)	(2,241,600)	(2,346,515)		

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2013	2012	2011	2010
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ 381,319	,	\$ 429,830	\$ 403,959
Transfers out	(631,319)) (439,988)	(929,830)	(403,959)
Issuance of capital leases	-	-	68,010	-
Sale of capital assets	92,204	78,428	45,241	106,583
Insurance recoveries	52,114	-	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	(8,757,357)	-	-
Premium on issuance of debt	-	279,958	-	-
Issuance of bonds	-	8,660,000	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(105,682)) 261,029	(386,749)	106,583
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 589,065	\$ 808,354	\$ <u>(1,232,267)</u>	\$ <u>(1,001,162)</u>
DEBT SERVICES (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	5.64%	6.89%	6.04%	5.71%

Source: Anderson County financial records

					Fisca	al Year						
2009		2008			2007		2006		2005		2004	
\$ (248,787 248,787)	\$ (200,000 200,000)	\$ (61,352 371,352)	\$ (233,868 233,868)	\$ (323,113 323,113)	\$ (167,094 167,094	
	37,114		1,252,015		24,826		81,787		93,807		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		261,855		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
									9,950,000		-	
	37,114		1,252,015	(285,174)		81,787	1	0,305,662		-	
\$	188,627	\$	630,040	\$ <u>(</u>	4,425,946)	\$ <u>(</u>	4,802,485)	\$	8,064,062	\$ <u>(</u>	2,346,515	
	2.87%		4.37%		3.79%		3.96%		4.30%		5.64%	

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ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Real Property													
Fiscal Year			Commercial Property			Other Property		Personal Property		Less: Tax-exempt Property		Total Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Total Direct Tax Rate ^b
2013	\$	1,879,892,787	\$	322,909,587	\$	160,476,052	\$	786,826,109	\$	543,494,869	\$	2,606,609,666	0.52100
2012		1,870,309,898		320,511,097		183,256,847		787,910,929		533,973,402		2,628,015,369	0.52100
2011		2,247,814,549		297,751,850		178,431,287		831,673,239		1,032,264,582		2,523,406,343	0.52100
2010		2,249,362,263		303,301,177		163,604,639		820,518,502		1,045,330,326		2,491,456,255	0.51100
2009		2,232,603,525		283,002,240		228,978,240		841,834,367		1,074,449,922		2,511,968,450	0.51100
2008		1,723,071,501		265,377,630		228,694,889		848,315,401		747,638,129		2,317,821,292	0.51100
2007		1,395,786,128		260,328,245		207,374,790		679,767,934		388,205,416		2,155,051,681	0.51100
2006		1,160,792,285		248,234,940		178,337,850		603,050,996		378,558,900		1,811,857,171	0.51100
2005		1,478,625,749		237,724,220		149,932,552		573,346,687		624,233,143		1,815,396,065	0.51876
2004		1,366,617,621		228,993,727		119,277,272		566,927,350		590,962,855		1,690,853,115	0.46686

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

Notes:

- a Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.
- b Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2013	2012	2011	2010
County direct rates				
General	0.46629	0.46296	0.46296	0.43712
Debt Service	0.03241	0.03574	0.03574	0.04933
	0.03241	0.03374	0.03374	0.04955
Permanent Improvement Fund	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	-	-	-	-
Flood control	0.02230	0.02230	0.02230	0.02455
Total direct rate	0.5210	0.5210	0.5210	0.5110
Cities				
City Of Elkhart	0.30212	0.30212	0.30424	0.30430
City Of Frankston	0.36525	0.36525	0.36440	0.37470
City Of Palestine	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900
Schools				
Athens ISD	1.18647	1.18647	1.18647	1.18647
Cayuga ISD	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000
Elkhart ISD	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000
Frankston ISD	1.47000	1.47000	1.04000	1.04000
La Poynor ISD	1.12000	1.12000	1.08200	1.08200
Neches ISD	1.36410	1.36410	1.36410	1.32000
Palestine ISD	1.56600	1.56600	1.56600	1.54900
Slocum ISD	1.04000	1.04000	0.97800	0.95800
Westwood ISD	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000
Colleges				
TVCC - Frankston	0.08900	0.08900	0.08150	0.07750
TVCC - Lapoynor	0.08900	0.08900	0.08150	0.07750
TVCC - Palestine	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Anderson County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Anderson County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries.

Fiscal Year											
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004						
0.42447	0.43542	0.42768	0.32953	0.33683	0.3249						
0.04966	0.05103	0.05210	0.05633	0.05880	0.0169						
0.01232	-	0.00667	0.00787	0.00787	0.0098						
-	-	-	0.09272	0.09272	0.0927						
0.02455	0.02455	0.02455	0.02455	0.02254	0.0225						
0.5110	0.5110	0.5110	0.5110	0.5188	0.466						
0.00540	0.00540	0.20420	0.20(20	0.00520	0.0052						
0.29540	0.29540	0.30420	0.29630	0.28530	0.2853						
0.37480	0.35780	0.35780	$0.36720 \\ 0.62000$	0.41000	0.3996 0.6000						
0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.02000	0.62000	0.0000						
1.18647	1.15338										
1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.37000	1.50000	1.5000						
1.36000	1.17000	1.17000	1.37000	1.50000	1.5000						
1.13870	1.12400	1.09600	1.38800	1.52850	1.5330						
1.08200	1.08200										
1.32000	1.31000	1.31800	1.37000	1.50000	1.5000						
1.54900	1.29070	1.28038	1.48550	1.61760	1.6204						
0.93800	0.93800	0.93800	1.18000	1.28720	1.2872						
1.04000	1.04000	1.00500	1.22500	1.33700	1.3370						
0.07440	0.00000	0.0(000	0.0(100	0.0(100	0.0.11						
0.07440	0.06800	0.06800	0.06400	0.06400	0.0615						
0.07440	0.06800	0.06800	0.06400	0.06400	0.0615						
0.04730	0.04400	0.04400	0.05000	0.05000	0.0500						

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

				Propert	y Tax	Year			
		2	2013		-		2004		
				Percentage				Percentage	
				of Total				of Total	
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable	
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value		Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value	
Wal-Mart Stores # Div Store	\$	106,774,628	1	4.10%	\$	140,380,160	1	8.30%	
Energy Transfer Fuel LP		86,223,779	2	3.31%		-		- %	
Enbridge Pipelines (East TX)		39,225,372	3	1.50%		-		- %	
Oncor Electric Delivery Co. LLC		31,436,480	4	1.21%		31,423,990	4	1.86%	
Union Pacific Railroad Co.		28,144,647	5	1.08%		15,223,540	11	0.90%	
United Telephone Co. of Texas		26,402,849	6	1.01%		19,274,460	10	1.14%	
Hunt Oil Company		25,803,768	7	0.99%		54,360,580	2	3.21%	
JLA Resources Company		23,049,168	8	0.88%		-		- %	
Pinnacle Gas Treating Inc.		21,454,472	9	0.82%		22,132,980	9	1.31%	
North Arkansas Wholesale Co. Inc.	_	18,966,562	10	0.73%	_	22,202,300	8	1.31%	
Total	\$	407,481,725		15.63%	\$	304,998,010		18.04%	
Total taxable assessed value	\$	2,606,609,666		100.00%	\$	1,690,853,115		100.00%	

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

				Total Callestians to Data					
		Total Tax	Fiscal Year of	of the Levy				Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Levy for		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Collections		Amount		Percentage of Levy
2013	\$	13,691,960	\$ 12,979,649	97.07%	\$	-	\$	12,979,649	97.07%
2012		13,695,340	12,714,070	97.09%		85,905		12,799,975	97.74%
2011		12,897,682	12,324,398	97.28%		47,421		12,371,819	97.65%
2010		12,732,728	12,024,885	96.79%		178,487		12,203,372	98.22%
2009		11,187,833	12,051,772	95.56%		193,692		12,245,464	97.10%
2008		10,961,421	11,262,048	95.88%	,	206,343		11,468,391	97.64%
2007		10,150,527	10,350,847	95.11%	,	279,557		10,630,404	97.68%
2006		10,211,361	9,557,104	94.99%	,	254,133		9,811,237	97.51%
2005		8,637,028	8,155,509	94.57%	,	243,737		8,399,246	97.39%
2004		7,881,098	7,401,709	94.42%	,	236,135		7,637,844	97.43%

Source: Anderson County Tax Assessor/Collector

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Ge	overnme	ental Activi								
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ^a		Certificates of Obligation			Capital Leases		Total Long-term Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ^b		Per Capita ^b	
2013	\$	9,877,425	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,877,425	0.56%		\$	170.48
2012		9,928,507		215,000		21,994		10,165,501	0.60%			179.41
2011		7,563,678	2	3,155,000		43,010		10,761,688	0.68%			181.62
2010		7,895,000	2	3,355,000		-		11,250,000	0.75%			192.45
2009		8,340,000	2	3,545,000		-		11,885,000	0.79%			208.51
2008		8,765,000		3,730,000		-		12,495,000	0.84%			220.34
2007		9,180,000	2	3,905,000		-		13,085,000	0.94%			230.56
2006		9,580,000	2	4,075,000		-		13,655,000	1.08%			242.19
2005		9,950,000	2	4,235,000		-		14,185,000	1.19%			253.16
2004		-	2	4,390,000		-		4,390,000	0.39%			79.00

Source: Anderson County financial records

- Notes: a Presented net of original issue premiums.
 - b See Table 13 for personal income and population data.
 - c Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING^a

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

		General H	Bonded Debt	Out	standing							
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ^d		bligation Certificates		Total		Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service		Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ^b	Per Capita ^c	
2013	\$	9,877,425	\$ -		\$ 9,877,425	\$	217,210	\$	9,660,215	0.37%	\$ 166.73	3
2012		9,928,507	215,0	00	10,143,507		518,926		9,624,581	0.37%	165.40)
2011		7,435,000	3,155,0	00	10,590,000		704,685		9,885,315	0.38%	169.54	1
2010		7,895,000	3,355,0	00	11,250,000		544,907		10,705,093	0.42%	183.12	2
2009		8,340,000	3,545,0	00	11,885,000		666,221		11,218,779	0.45%	196.82	2
2008		8,765,000	3,730,0	00	12,495,000		718,850		11,776,150	0.47%	207.66	5
2007		9,366,871	3,905,0	00	13,271,871		855,614		12,416,257	0.54%	218.77	7
2006		9,580,000	4,075,0	00	13,655,000		100,579		13,554,421	0.63%	240.41	l
2005		9,950,000	4,235,0	00	14,185,000		720,941		13,464,059	0.74%	240.30)
2004		-	4,390,0	00	4,390,000		163,452		4,226,548	0.23%	76.05	5

Source: Anderson County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- b See Table 5 for property value data.
- c See Table 13 for population data.
- d Presented net of original issue premiums.

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DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Estimate Percentage Overlapping Anderson County	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
County-wide				
Anderson County	\$ 9,877,425	100.00%	\$ <u>9,877,425</u>	
Total direct debt				\$ 9,877,425
Cities				
City Of Elkhart	750,000	100.00%	750,000	
City Of Frankston	-	100.00%	-	
City Of Palestine	13,842,000	100.00%	13,842,000	
			14,592,000	
Total Cities				
School District (% of assessed value)				
Part of Athens ISD	22,127,543	0.27%	59,744	
Cayuga ISD	-	100.00%	-	
Elkhart ISD	15,510,000	99.30%	15,401,430	
Frankston ISD	16,996,275	64.94%	11,037,381	
Part of La Poynor ISD	680,000	19.72%	134,096	
Neches ISD	4,865,000	100.00%	4,865,000	
Palestine ISD	62,105,000	100.00%	62,105,000	
Slocum ISD	-	100.00%	-	
Westwood ISD	-	100.00%	-	
			93,602,651	
Total School Districts				
Colleges				
TVCC - Frankston	-	8.42%	-	
TVCC - Lapoynor	-	2.73%	-	
TVCC - Palestine	-	44.50%		
Total indirect debt			-	108,194,651
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$118,072,076

Source: Net debt information in this table was obtained by direct contact with each jurisdiction without further verification, except school districts. School district information obtained from TEA website.

Note: The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Fisc	al Year	
	2013	2012	2011	2010
Assessed value of real property	\$ 2,606,609,666	5 \$ 2,628,015,369	\$ 2,558,035,425	\$ 2,524,008,207
Debt limit rate	5%		5%	5%
Debt limit Debt applicable to limit:	130,330,483	131,400,768	127,901,771	126,200,410
Total bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment	9,877,425 217,210	, ,	10,590,000 704,685	11,250,000 544,907
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,660,215		9,885,315	10,705,093
Legal debt margin	\$120,670,268	<u>\$ 121,776,187</u>	\$ <u>117,311,771</u>	\$ 115,495,317
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	7.419	7.32%	7.73%	8.48%

Source: Anderson County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of twothirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

	Fiscal Year												
	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		
\$	2,491,727,536 <u>5</u> %	\$ 2,511,676,692 <u>5%</u>		\$	2,322,401,884 5 <u>5</u> %		2,155,051,681 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,811,857,171 <u>5</u> %	\$	1,850,025,223 <u>5</u> %		
_	124,586,377		125,583,835	_	116,120,094	_	107,752,584	_	90,592,859		92,501,261		
	11,885,000 666,221		12,495,000 718,850		13,271,871 855,614		13,271,871 100,579		13,655,000 720,941		14,185,000 163,452		
_	11,218,779	_	11,776,150	_	12,416,257	_	13,171,292	_	12,934,059	_	14,021,548		
\$	113,367,598	\$ <u>_</u>	113,807,685	\$	103,703,837	\$	94,581,292	\$_	77,658,800	\$ <u>_</u>	78,479,713		
	9.00%		9.38%		10.69%		12.22%		14.28%		15.16%		

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

			County			State	United
Calendar Year	Estimated Population ^a	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	of Texas Per Capita Personal Income ^a	States Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2013	57,938	\$ 1,757,310	\$ 30,200	not available	7.2%	\$ 43,552	\$ 44,543
2012	58,190	1,688,944	28,966	8,339	7.7%	41,471	42,693
2011	58,308	1,576,696	27,041	8,464	8.9%	39,493	41,663
2010	58,458	1,502,709	26,229	8,473	9.5%	37,706	39,945
2009	57,001	1,497,051	26,264	8,509	8.6%	38,546	39,626
2008	56,709	1,491,400	26,299	8,464	5.7%	37,774	40,208
2007	56,754	1,385,819	24,418	8,595	5.1%	37,187	38,611
2006	56,381	1,261,739	22,379	8,552	5.9%	35,058	36,629
2005	56,031	1,196,385	21,352	8,409	6.3%	33,160	34,685
2004	55,573	1,128,706	20,310	8,308	7.0%	30,887	33,072

Sources:

a - Texas Workforce Commission, U. S Census Bureau, Bureau of Economic Analysis

b - Texas Education Agency

c - U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		2	2013	2004*				
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment			
Texas Department of Criminal Justice	State Prison	3104	14.86%	NA	NA			
Palestine Regional Medical Center	Medical Facility	560	2.68%	NA	NA			
Palestine Regional Rehabilitation	Medical Facility	540	2.59%	NA	NA			
Walmart Distribution Center #6036	Wholesaler/Retailer	530	2.54%	NA	NA			
Palestine ISD	Education	450	2.15%	NA	NA			
Walmart Supercenter #0345	Wholesaler/Retailer	405	1.94%	NA	NA			
Westwood ISD	Public School District	248	1.19%	NA	NA			
Cartmell Home for the Aged	Nursing Home	226	1.08%	NA	NA			
Anderson County	Government/County	220	1.05%	NA	NA			
Union Pacific Railroad	Railroad	150	0.72%	NA	NA			
City of Palestine	Government/City	<u>187</u>	0.90%	NA	NA			
Total		6,620	31.70%	NA	NA			

Sources: Chamber of Commerce

Texas Workforce Commission

* The requirement for this schedule is for the current year and nine years ago. Only the current year data is available at this time.

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FULLTIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year													
Function/Program	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004				
General government														
Elected/appointed officials	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Clerical	20	21	21	20	19	19	19	19	19	22				
Building maintenance	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3				
Information technology	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	- '	-	-				
Emergency management	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Judicial														
Judges/justices of the peace	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10				
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Assistant prosecutors	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4				
Investigators	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Clerical	36	34	34	34	35	35	33	32	32	29				
Public safety														
County sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Constables	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4				
Patrol/CID	32	32	32	32	32	30	29	30	25	27				
Jailers	39	39	39	39	39	34	34	29	26	26				
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3				
Juvenile probation	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7				
Health and welfare	4	4	4	5	7	7	7	7	5	5				
Roads and highways														
County commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4				
Road employees	43	40	40	40	40	41	41	41	41	43				
Total	224	220	220	218	220	214	211	205	194	198				

Source: Anderson County Financials

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year											
Function/Program	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009							
General government												
Auditor's office												
AP and payroll checks processed	6,760	6,170	7,655	8,534	9,242							
Purchase orders Issued	3,749	3,739	3,382	3,642	3,443							
Treasurer's office												
Cash receipts issued	2,080	1,949	1,866	1,846	1,959							
County clerk												
Marriage licenses issued	191	379	433	412	369							
Declarations of informal marriage	2	9	16	3	7							
Birth certificates issued	1,050	2,530	2,900	2,767	2,774							
Death certificates issued	221	976	1,509	2,380	237							
Tax office												
Title transactions	12,099	12,298	10,953	9,878	9,485							
Registration transactions	51,131	69,686	50,953	49,920	49,684							
Tax certificates issued	1,407	1,583	1,313	1,354	1,497							
Liquor receipts issued	34	20	41	44	87							
Elections administration												
Number of registered voters	26,204	22,026	22,026	22,026	20,916							
Number that voted	N/A	N/A	N/A	10,968	N/A							
Voted percentage	N/A	N/A	N/A	40.97%	N/A							
Judicial												
District court												
Criminal cases disposed	472	472	391	657	600							
Civil cases disposed	454	536	489	852	737							
Total cases	1,194	1,307	1,179	1,509	1,337							
County court												
Criminal cases disposed	828	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,421							
Civil cases disposed	19	N/A	N/A	604	870							
Juvenile cases disposed	24	N/A	N/A	22	39							
Justices of the peace												
Cases filed	8,479	8,171	5,578	5,171	7,477							
Cases disposed	8,143	6,731	5,717	5,565	6,730							
Inquests	71	N/A	112	130	110							

Source: Various County Departments

Fiscal Year										
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004						
9,619	10,102	10,476	N/A	N/A						
3,350	3,647	3,470	N/A	N/A						
2,060	1,951	1,057	N/A	N/A						
424	444	402	433	406						
10	7	3	7	4						
2,935	3,286	3,233	1,733	1,195						
2,790	2,932	449	256	2,380						
10,593	10,702	11,037	11,096	10,491						
50,002	48,285	47,608	46,226	44,478						
1,787	2,416	-	_	-						
72	71	-	-	-						
19,888	18,160	26,008	28,544	28,007						
16,655	N/A	10,641	N/A	16,301						
60.29%	N/A	38.39%	N/A	55.05%						
625	769	912	838	755						
831	833	813	806	1,043						
1,456	1,602	1,725	1,644	1,798						
1,626	1,227	1,396	1,456	1,178						
844	990	1,161	1,103	1,042						
21	26	37	38	37						
7,918	8,359	9,882	9,965	9,554						
7,411	7,756	8,328	8,624	8,405						
101	108	121	119	96						
				-						

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year										
Function/Program	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009						
Public safety											
County jail											
Annual food cost	276,608	251,960	278,401	258,695	280,126						
Law enforcement											
Offense reports	1,281	1,388	1,307	1,093	1,346						
New cases	882	875	965	844	927						
Cases cleared	456	496	416	317	357						
Warrants received	N/A	1,668	2,112	1,786	2,353						
Warrants executed	N/A	531	1,814	2,152	2,117						
Reserve hours	1,282	1,566	2,101	2,710	2,899						
Communications	,	,	,	,	,						
Calls for service	14,867	15,561	15,706	14,521	13,688						
911 calls	39,578	27,338	24,556	21,705	21,663						
Total calls to communication	400,668	390,207	292,194	235,109	297,221						
Fleet operations	,	,	,	,	,						
Miles driven	837,275	741,580	791,445	744,166	727,473						
Average fleet MPG	17	17	18	18	18						
Traffic stops	1,544	1,486	1,892	620	1,001						
Citations issued	341	205	227	285	442						
Civil process											
Papers served	2,628	2,623	2,599	2,881	2,627						
Writs completed	422	431	379	274	309						
Health and welfare											
Number of pauper burial/cremation	2	2	3	3	2						

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated. Information from 2002 is not available.

Fiscal Year										
2008	2007	2006	2005	2004						
263,217	229,383	179,417	137,990	147,917						
1,370	1,862	1,535	1,896	1,744						
779	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
280	278	2,187	324	361						
2,511	2,487	2,846	2,160	2,263						
2,237	2,148	2,526	2,184	1,067						
3,144	2,257	8,474	2,820	3,251						
9,967	9,929	10,331	10,128	8,338						
17,501	19,452	17,016	11,367	15,718						
250,204	293,112	N/A	N/A	N/A						
741,280	718,526	704,142	661,812	551,217						
18	17	17	17	16						
636	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
211	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
2,918	2,778	3,007	4,020	2,731						
260	249	1,243	864	419						
2	3	2	2							

TABLE 17

ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year																	
Function/Program	2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006	 2005	_	2004
General government Land Construction in progress Buildings and Improvements	\$ 1,733, 177, 24,026,	-00	5 1,736,715 - 23,951,751	\$	1,736,715 843,262 23,616,750	\$	1,736,715 825,551 23,352,566	\$	1,736,715 770,130 22,973,228	\$	1,736,715 1,427,561 22,232,271	\$	1,736,715 528,299 22,168,311	\$	1,765,445 6,191,028 11,398,807	\$ 1,820,135 381,776 11,395,932	\$	1,560,701 3,205,538 9,782,610
Machinery and equipment	2,836,		2,774,253		1,816,519		1,649,375		1,851,924		3,395,447		1,378,922		1,741,791	694,258		485,533
Total general government	28,774,		28,462,719	_	28,013,246		27,564,207		27,331,997		28,791,994		25,812,247	_	21,097,071	 14,292,101		15,034,382
Judicial	315,	86	262,170		103,359		97,102		86,167		99,456		153,212		200,810	551,477		384,106
Public safety	2,651,	29	2,678,613		3,126,525		2,840,441		2,827,077		1,207,499		1,838,565		2,331,144	1,112,257		799,589
Social services	53,	37	51,307		15,830		14,609		12,957		10,245		51,075		69,495	1,376,841		2,235,926
Roads and bridges	54,130,	10	53,421,601	_	52,882,986	_	51,796,826	_	50,787,909	_	49,721,937	_	48,594,175	_	2,178,361	 2,071,366	_	1,590,564
Total capital assets	\$ 85,926,	<u>59</u> \$	84,876,410	\$	84,141,946	\$	82,313,185	\$	81,046,107	\$	79,831,131	\$	76,449,274	\$	25,876,881	\$ 19,404,042	\$	20,044,567

Sources:

County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

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PATTILLO, BROWN & HILL, L.L.P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS . BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL **REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF** FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Anderson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas ("the County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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86

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 23, 2014